



PUBLIC HEALTH COLLABORATION IN SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE

PROGRAMMES FOR TRAINING AND RESEARCH IN PUBLIC HEALTH

Principal Coordinators:

Prof. Dr. med. Luka Kovacic, PhD

Prof. Dr. med. Ulrich Laaser, DTM&H, MPH

- Emerging Infections and the Level of Preparedness in the European Region

- Health Systems and Their Evidence Based Development

New book!

PH-SEE Info

Participating Centres

Managing Office

Public Health Curriculum

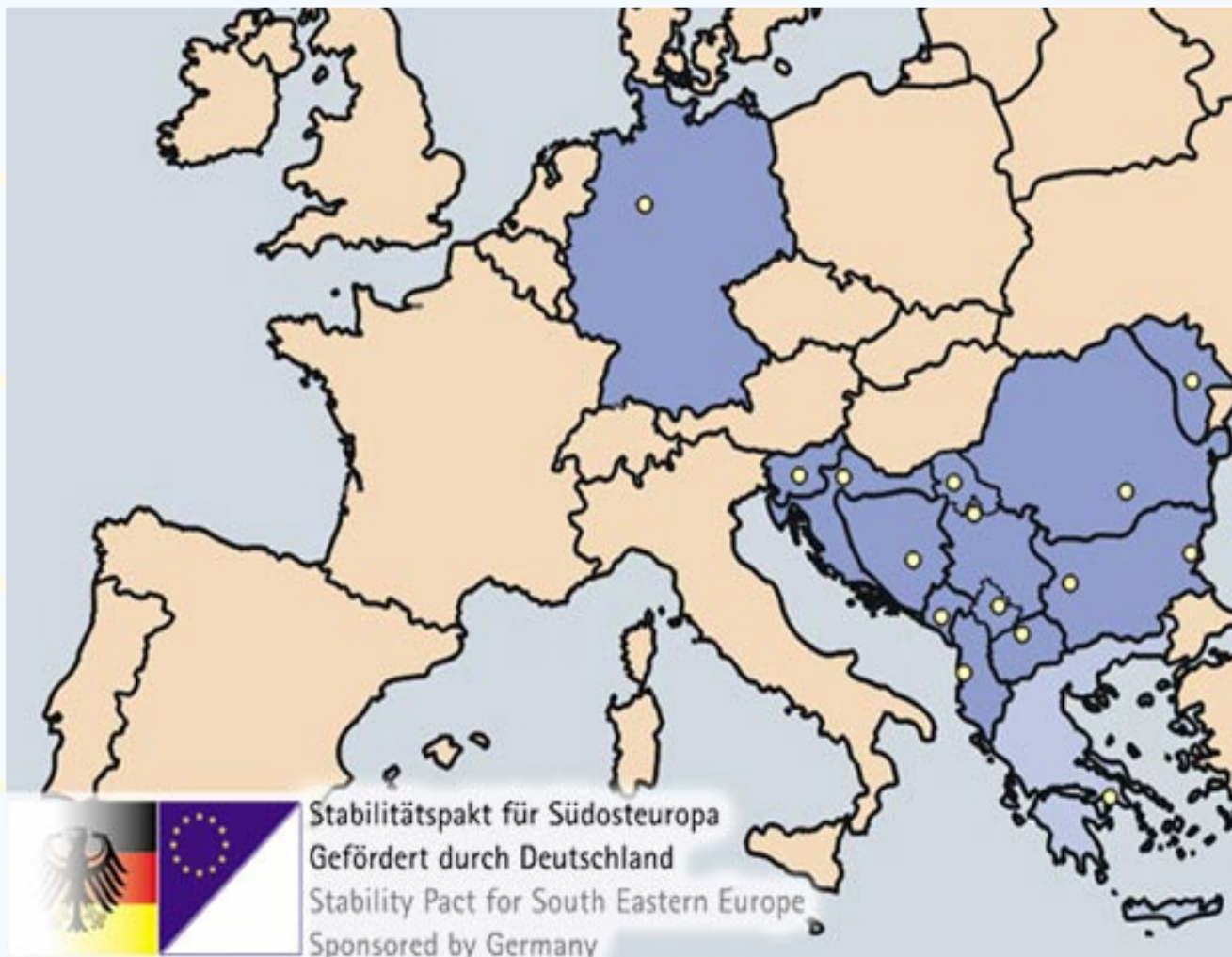
Publications

Documents

Activities

Help

Links



Last update
21-04-2005

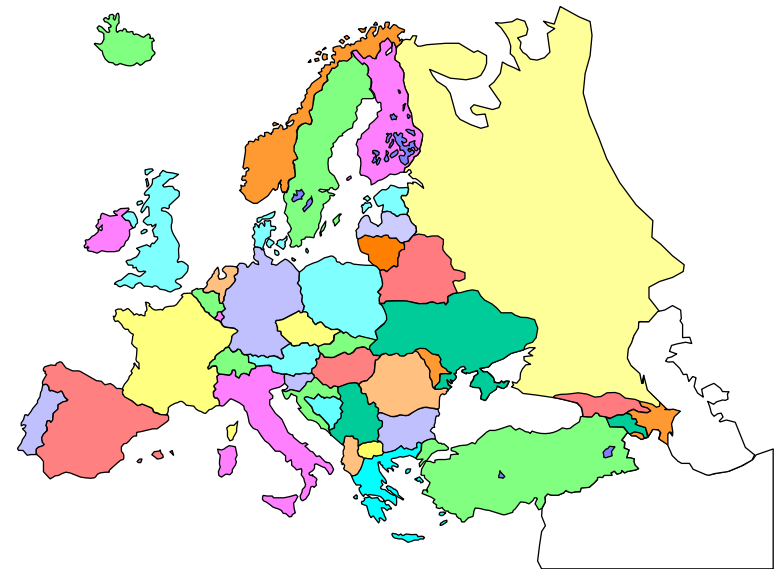
Visitors since
March 2005
000640

Free Hit
Counter

New Public Health Policy in EU 2003-2008



- Improving health information
- Responding rapidly to health threats
- Addressing health determinants

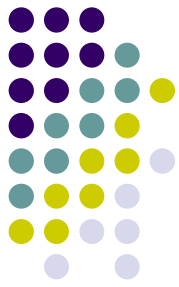


Rank	1990	2020
1	Lower respiratory infections	Ischaemic heart disease
2	Diarrhoeal diseases	Unipolar major depression
3	Conditions arising during the perinatal period	ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS
4	Unipolar major depression	Cerebrovascular disease
5	Ischaemic heart disease	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
6	Cerebrovascular disease	Lower respiratory infections
7	Tuberculosis	Tuberculosis
8	Measles	WAR
9	Road traffic accidents	Diarrheal diseases
10	Congenital anomalies	HIV
11	Malaria	Conditions arising during the perinatal period
12	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	VIOLENCE
13	Falls	Congenital anomalies
14	Iron-deficiency anaemia	SELF-INFLICTED INJURIES
15	Protein-energy malnutrition	Trachea, bronchus, lung cancer
16	War	
17	Self-inflicted injuries	
18	Violence	



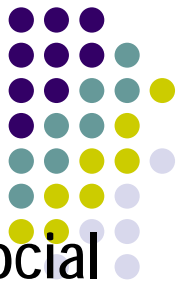
Figure 1: Disease burdens based on DALYs of 18 leading causes of death, world, 1990 and 2020. Modified (1)

PUBLIC HEALTH IN SEE REGION



- ✓ **Dubrovnik Pledge (2001)** – Ministers of Health from SEE region gave political support for improving the health of their population and particularly of vulnerable groups
- ✓ **Stability Pact for SEE Europe** – supports many PH projects (Public Health Collaboration in SEE Europe - Programmes for Training and Research in Public Health – development through the collaborative networks between countries of the region).

PUBLIC HEALTH IN SEE REGION



- Health is recognized as important determinant of social cohesion and the major factor in peace building, investment and development.
- As a part of initiative for Social Cohesion, the Health Action Plan has been drawn up – three strategic regional health objectives:
 1. Cost-effective reorientation of health service to deliver a high quality of health for all particularly vulnerable groups
 2. Restructuring and strengthening of public health function and infrastructure
 3. Development of professional capacities

PH-SEE Consortium...

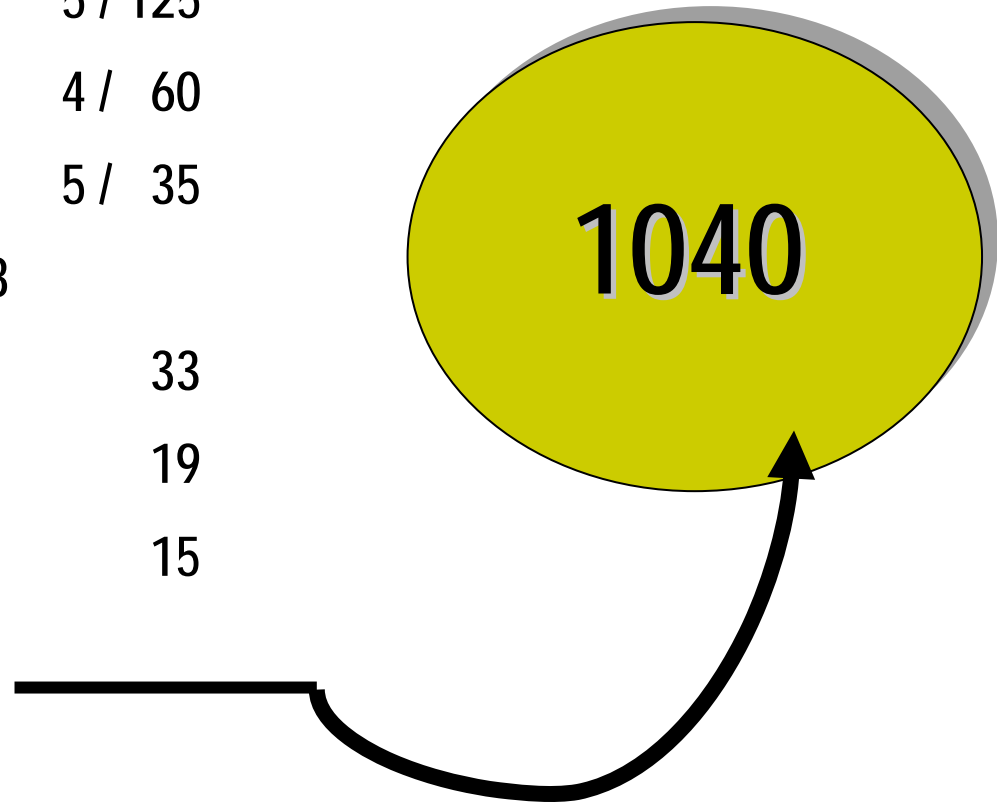


1. Network of PH institutions and professionals
2. Internet-based postgraduate training
3. Support to SPHs development
4. Agreement on common MIS
5. Common training programmes & conferences
6. Regional mobility of students & teachers
7. Institution building
8. Joint public health research
9. Enhancement of peace & human rights in SEE
10. Development of a common Internet-platform



PH-SEE Activities and Participants, 2000 – 2005

- Conferences: 9 / 630
- Summer/Winter Schools: 5 / 125
- Coordination meetings: 4 / 60
- Editorial meetings: 5 / 35
- Lecturers SEE-SEE: 28
- Lecturers SEE-D: 33
- Lecturers D-SEE: 19
- Students SEE-SEE: 15





PUBLIC HEALTH: THE WORLD IN YOUR HANDS

Executive Board, Bonn, May 2005

WORLD FEDERATION OF PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATIONS